NAU CROWN ENG

LEVEE DESIGN FOR DUNCAN,

ARIZONA

AHMAD ALFALLAJI

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

ABDULAZIZ EBRAHIM

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

JENNALISE RAPINCHUK

CIVIL ENGINEER

CHARLES WILSON

CIVIL ENGINEER

Project Location-Duncan, Arizona



Project Information

- Duncan is agricultural based and heavily reliant on the Gila River
- Built along the floodplain
- Current levee begins failing beyond
 10 year flooding events
 - 1978 flood caused 9 million dollars in damage



Flood Insurance Rate Map of Duncan



https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?AddressQuery=Duncan%2C%20Arizona

Expectations from the Client

- **Client:** Phil Ronnerud, Greenlee County Engineer
- Expectation: Assess current levee and improve its design to accommodate larger floods
- Purpose: Protect the Town of Duncan from future flood damage



Levee Function

What is a levee?

- An embankment running parallel along a river
- Prevents flooding in the floodplain

How is a levee different from a dam?

- A dam perpendicularly intersects a river
- A lake forms behind the dam, and the land in front of the dam has a controlled river



Gila River Flows Relevant to Duncan

Duncan, Arizona Flood Information								
Flood Event	Flow	Other						
Normal	250							
	7,000	Levee damage occurs						
20,000		Levee fails from overtopping						
100 Year	28,500							
1978 Flood	60,000	Over \$9 million in damage						

Levee Certification vs. Accreditation

Having a certified levee:

- An engineer has examined the levee and decided that it will function properly
- The levee will keep the floodplain safe from flooding
- This is a mandatory first step for accreditation

Having a FEMA accredited levee:

- The levee in place meets FEMA standards
- FEMA will redraw the floodplain with the levee in place
- Ideally, Duncan will no longer be located in the Gila River floodplain

FEMA Design Guidelines

In order to meet FEMA guidelines for accreditation, this levee must:

- Be able to withstand erosive forces of a 100 year flood event
- Be tall enough to withhold the flood of a 100 year flood event
 - Have an additional 3 feet of freeboard above the base flood elevation, and 1 additional foot near structures, or where flow is restricted
- Have minimum seepage
 - Any seepage that occurs cannot lower the stability of the levee

For a complete list of FEMA accreditation guidelines, see section 65.10(b-d) of the NFIP regulations

Soil Properties of Project Location

- Soils are commonly used for levees
- Soil type influences structural integrity of levee

Type of soil	K-Factor	Hydraulic	% of area		
	Rating	Conductivity	of interest		
		(in./hr.)			
15:Glendale silty clay	0.43	0.06 to 0.20	10.7%		
loam, 0 to 2 percent					
slopes					
16:Glendale-Gila	0.43	0.20 to 0.57	5.0%		
complex, 0-5% slopes					
27 :Pima silty clay loam,	0.43	0.06 to 0.20	57.4%		
0-2% slopes					
17:Torrifluvents-	N/A	0.20 to 0.57	27.0%		
Riverwash complex, 1-					
5% slopes					
Total for Area of In	100%				



Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

- Gila River is protected by the EPA under the Clean Water Act
- Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires special permits for any water resource project
- Enforced by the Army Corps of Engineers



https://wingandsong.files.wordpress.com/2012/04/redrock-gila-river.jpg

Zoning and Right of Way

 Levee implementation will require a development permit and occupancy permit by the Greenlee County Engineer and Zoning Inspector

 Challenges may arise if the levee crosses over any private properties along the Gila River

NAU Crown Engineering Exclusions

- NAU Crown Engineering will not take part in the following:
 - FEMA certification process
 - Flood protection of areas in
 Duncan outside of the targeted
 levee
 - Land and permit approvals

Scope of Services and Schedule

NAU ENG Duncan, AZ Levee Desgin Schedule																		
ACTIVITY	Begin	End																
ACHIMI	Date	Date		September		October			November				December					
			Q 1	Q2	Q 3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q 3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q 3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1 Data Collection	1-Sep	14-Oct																
1.1 Geotechnical Assessment	1-Sep	6-Oct																
1.2 Gila River Hydraulics/Hydrology	3-Sep	13-Oct																
1.3 Surveying	3-Sep	14-Oct																
Task 2 Site Assessment	15-Oct	6-Nov						└→			-							
2.1 Levee Assessment/HEC-RAS	15-Oct	6-Nov																
2.2 Endangered Species Assessment	15-Oct	6-Nov																
Task 3 Design of New Levee	28-Oct	9-Dec																
3.1 Civil 3D Modeling	28-Oct	9-Dec															_	
3.2 HEC-RAS Testing	10-Nov	9-Dec															1	
Task 4 Project Management	1-Sep	18-Dec															Ľ	
4.1 Client Contact	1-Sep	18-Dec																
4.2 Deliverables																		
Website	1-Sep	18-Dec																
50% Design Report	10-	Nov																
Presentation	10-	-Dec																
Final Design Report	18-	-Dec															•	

Staffing and Cost of Engineering Services

Task	Classification	Required Hours			
Task 1 Data Collection					
Survey data	EIT	40			
Geotechnical Data	EIT	56			
Hydraulics and Hydrology Data	EIT	56			
Task 2 Site Assessment					
Examining Site	ENG	96			
	SENG	32			
HEC-RAS Simulation	ENG	64			
Coordination with Endangered		40			
Species Act	SEING	48			
Task 3 Design of New Levee					
Civil 3D Modeling	ENG	120			
HEC-RAS Testing	ENG	48			
Task 4 Project Management					
Public and Client Contact	SENG	48			
Total		608			

NAU CROWN ENG

Classification	Hours	rate (\$/hr)	Cost		
SENG	128	\$130	\$16,640		
ENG	328	\$90	\$29,520		
EIT	152	\$60	\$9,120		
Travel (2 meetings)					
700 miles/meeting	\$0.40/mi	700 Miles	\$560		
Hotel		\$70/night x 2 room	280		
Vehicle Rental	2 Days	\$40/day	\$160		
Perdiem	2 day*4 people	\$32/day	512		
Total Travel			\$1,512		
Total			\$56,792		

References

- □ FEMA, "Flood Insurance Study: Greenlee County, Arizona," 28 September 2007. [Online]. Available: http://www.co.greenlee.az.us/engineering/Flood%20Insurance%20Study.pdf.
- □ "Arizona County Map," Dirtopia, October 2012. [Online]. Available: http://www.dirtopia.com/wiki/File:Mapcount.gif.
- □ FEMA, "Flood Map Service Center," 28 September 2007. [Online]. Available: https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?AddressQuery=Duncan%2C%20Arizona.
- FEMA, "The NFIP and Levees," January 2008. [Online]. Available: https://www.floodsmart.gov/toolkits/levee/files/pdfs/faq_levee_jan08.pdf
- P. Ronnerud, Interviewee, *Greenlee County Flooding*. [Interview]. 11 February 2015.
- □ N. W. Service, "Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service," 28 February 2015. [Online]. Available: <u>http://water.weather.gov/ahps2/hydrograph.php?gage=duua3&wfo=twc</u>.
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, "Web Soil Survey," 2013. [Online]. Available: <u>http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov</u>
- □ E. P. Agency, "Section 404 Permitting," 13 March 2013. [Online]. Available: http://water.epa.gov/lawsregs/guidance/cwa/dredgdis/.
- F. E. M. Agency, "Levee Certification Vs. Accreditation," October 2012. [Online]. Available: http://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/20130726-1807-25045-0715/levee_certification_vs.__accreditation.pdf.
- □ "Floodplain Management Ordinace," September 2007. [Online]. Available: http://www.co.greenlee.az.us/engineering/floodplainordinance.pdf.
- Arizona Department of Water Resources, Reconnaissance Report of the Gila River Flood Control Project, 1981. 13

Questions?